Practice midterm

31 October 2016

1. The following program just uses variables. What does the program output?

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int lisa = 5;
    double bart = 5 / 2.0;
    lisa = lisa + 1;
    int maggie = lisa / 2;
    maggie = maggie * 3;
    cout << lisa << ", " << bart << ", " << maggie << "\n";
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

2. The following program uses ASCII character arithmetic. What does the program output?

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    char hundred = 'C';
    char five = 'V';
    char marty = five + 2;
    char shelly = hundred + 6;
    cout << hundred << marty << shelly << five << endl;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

3. The following program uses conditions. What does the program output?

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int bilbo = 9;
    int frodo = 3;
    if(bilbo % 2 == 0)
    {
        frodo *= 2;
        bilbo += 1;
    }
    else
    {
        bilbo = bilbo - 1;
        frodo *= 4;
    cout << bilbo << ", " << frodo << "\n";</pre>
    return 0;
}
```

4. Given numPeople = 10, numCars = 2, userKey = 'q', mark each of these expressions as true or false.

```
a. ______ numPeople >= 10
b. _____ (numPeople >= 10) && (numCars > 2)
c. _____ (numPeople >= 20) || (numCars > 1)
d. ____ !(numCars < 5)
e. ____ !(userKey == 'a')
f. ____ userKey != 'a'
g. ____ !((numPeople >= 10) && (numCars > 2))
h. ____ (userKey == 'x') || ((numPeople > 5) && (numCars > 1))
```

5. Suppose that we have a main program containing this declaration:

```
string courseTitle;
```

Briefly explain the difference between these two operations:

```
cin >> courseTitle;  // (a)
getline(cin, courseTitle); // (b)
```

6. The following program uses a switch. What does the program output?

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
   int bill = 9;
   int ted = bill - 4;
   switch(ted)
   {
    case 3: cout << "ant ";
    case 2: cout << "bee "; break;
    case 5: cout << "cat ";
    case 4: cout << "dog "; break;
    default: cout << "eel ";
   }
   cout << "\n";
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

7. The following program uses *nested* if/else statements. Given the values of baz and tar as inputs, what does the program output?

```
• baz = 6; tar = 3; Output: _____
• baz = 3; tar = 6; Output: _____
• baz = 6; tar = 9; Output:
• baz = 9; tar = 6; Output: _____
baz = 3; tar = 4; Output: ______
 #include <iostream>
 using namespace std;
 int main()
 {
     int baz, tar;
     cin >> baz >> tar; // Receives values as shown above
     if(baz > 4)
     {
         if(baz > 8)
         {
             cout << "Austria ";</pre>
         }
         if(tar < 8)
             cout << "Belgium ";</pre>
         }
         cout << "Chile ";</pre>
     }
     else
     {
         cout << "Denmark ";</pre>
         if(tar < 6)
             cout << "Egypt ";</pre>
         }
     }
     cout << "France\n";</pre>
     return 0;
 }
```